

Analysis of Medium- and High-qualified Human-resources of Forestry in Hungary (1960-2010)

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The surveying of human resources in Hungarian forest sector isn't developed in last 20 years. In '80s were some reviews, almanachs and we have some other resources, but after the first paradigm-changing in early '90s, it wasn't centralised data-collections of investigation about the topic.

The main target of analysis is a critical measurement of basic-, medium- and high-qualified human resources in last 40 years, from 1960 to 2010. In past 40 years (one generation) were graduated ca. 3500 basic-level forestry workers, ca 5000 forestry technicians and 1500 forestry engineers. The number of graduated forestry workers is really low, the sector needs always more and more qualified workers to our forests. This is a challenge already for the forestry high-schools.

The forestry has two main employment-sector. The private forest contractors is the main employment organisation, with 18000 labourer, the second biggest working group is the state forest services (22 state-owned company, who are working on state forests), with 6000 employees. The state forestry has 1000 forest districts (fix employed 1000 forestry technicians), and has a job for 1000 forest engineers. The central forestry bureau and the forestry bureaus of counties organise the authority-activities with ca. 350 forest engineers. The main employer for qualified and non-qualified forestry workers and forestry technicians is the private sector.